Exhibit 3

Required Federal and State Provisions

On March 11, 2021, the Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds ("SLFRF") were established, as part of the American Rescue Plan Act ("ARP"), to support the response to a recovery from the COVID-19 pandemic. Pursuant to the SLFRF, ARP funding was directed to the State of Michigan (the "State") which appropriated a portion to the SLBA for purposes of creating a Program to address the impacts of COVID-19. The State of Michigan (by 2023 P.A. 1) appropriated a portion of this funding to the State Land Bank Authority's ("SLBA") Blight Elimination Program for this purpose ("Program Funds"). The Land Bank has received grant funding from the SLBA's Blight Elimination Program to fund activities which are the subject matter of the Agreement to which this Exhibit pertains. As a recipient of Program Funds, the Land Bank is obligated to ensure the use of these federal funds complies with SLFRF. Pursuant to this obligation, this Agreement and Contractor are therefore subject to the following additional Federal and State Requirements:

a) Recordkeeping Requirements. Generally, all contractors and subcontractors must maintain records and financial documents related to this contract until at least December 31, 2031. U.S. Treasury may request the transfer of records of long-term value at the end of such period. Wherever practicable, such records should be collected, transmitted, and stored in open and machine-readable formats. See generally, 2 CFR 200.334 through 200.338.

All contractors and subcontractors must agree to provide or make available such records to Treasury upon request, and to the Government Accountability Office (GAO), Treasury's Office of Inspector General (OIG), and their authorized representative in order to conduct audits or other investigations.

- b) Uniform Guidance. Under the Final Rule issued by the U.S. Department of Treasury (Treasury) referenced at https://home.treasury.gov/system/files/136/SLFRF-Final-Rule-FAQ.pdf, this contract is subject to the requirements set forth in the Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Award, (the "Uniform Guidance") at 2 CFR 200.317 through 200.327. All payments requested under this program should be accounted for with supporting documentation. All contractors and subcontractors should maintain documentation evidencing that the Program Funds were expended in accordance with federal, state, and local regulations.
- c) Termination/Recovery of Program Funds. Treasury requires any Program Funds received pursuant to this Agreement, and any attachments that are expended in a manner that fails to comply with SLFRF and all other applicable laws to be returned to Treasury. The State reserves the right to monitor the Subrecipient and their contractors and subcontractors and take such corrective action for noncompliance as it deems necessary and appropriate, including but not limited to, termination of the Grant Agreement and return of Program Funds previously provided thereunder.
- d) **Equal Employment Opportunity.** Except as otherwise provided under 41 CFR Part 60, all contracts that meet the definition of "federally assisted construction contract" in 41 CFR Part 60-1.3 must include the equal opportunity clause provided under 41 CFR Part 60-1.4(b), in accordance with Executive Order 11246, "Equal Employment Opportunity" (30 FR 12319, 12935, 3 CFR Part

1964-1965 Comp., p. 339), as amended by Executive Order 11375, "Amending Executive Order 11246 Relating to Equal Employment Opportunity," and implementing regulations at 41 CFR Part 60, "Office of Federal Contract Compliance Programs, Equal Employment Opportunity, Department of Labor."

e) **Davis-Bacon Act**, as amended (40 U.S.C. 3141-3148). When required by Federal program legislation, all prime construction contracts in excess of \$2,000 awarded by non-Federal entities must include a provision for compliance with the Davis-Bacon Act (40 U.S.C. 3141-3144, and 3146-3148) as supplemented by Department of Labor regulations (29 CFR Part 5, "Labor Standards Provisions Applicable to Contracts Covering Federally Financed and Assisted Construction"). In accordance with statute, contractors must be required to pay wages to laborers and mechanics at a rate not less than the prevailing wages specified in a wage determination made by the Secretary of Labor or the State of Michigan, whichever is higher.

In addition, contractors must be required to pay wages not less than once a week. The non-Federal entity must place a copy of the current prevailing wage determination issued by the Department of Labor in each solicitation. The decision to award a contract or subcontract must be conditioned upon the acceptance of the wage determination. The non-Federal entity must report all suspected or reported violations to the Federal awarding agency.

- f) Copeland "Anti-Kickback" Act (40 U.S.C. 3145), as supplemented by Department of Labor regulations (29 CFR Part 3, "Contractors and Subcontractors on Public Building or Public Work Financed in Whole or in Part by Loans or Grants from the United States"). The Act provides that each contractor or Subrecipient must be prohibited from inducing, by any means, any person employed in the construction, completion, or repair of public work, to give up any part of the compensation to which he or she is otherwise entitled. The non-Federal entity must report all suspected or reported violations to the Federal awarding agency.
- g) Debarment and Suspension (Executive Orders 12549 and 12689). A contract or grant award (see 2 CFR 180.220) must not be made to parties listed on the governmentwide exclusions in the System for Award Management (SAM), in accordance with the OMB guidelines at 2 CFR 180 that implement Executive Orders 12549 (3 CFR Part 1986 Comp., p. 189) and 12689 (3 CFR Part 1989 Comp., p. 235), "Debarment and Suspension." SAM Exclusions contains the names of parties debarred, suspended, or otherwise excluded by agencies, as well as parties declared ineligible under statutory or regulatory authority other than Executive Order 12549. All contractors and subcontractors must be vetted for debarment. If debarment action has taken against the contractor, the contract shall be terminated. If debarment action has been taken against any subcontractor, the contractor shall provide an alternative subcontractor within 10 days of notification. The debarred subcontractor may not work on the project.
- h) **Domestic Preferences for Procurements** (2 CFR 200.322). As appropriate and to the extent consistent with the law, the non-Federal entity should, to the greatest extent practicable under a federal award, provide a preference for the purchase, acquisition, or use of goods, products, or materials produced in the United States (including but not limited to iron, aluminum, steel, cement, and other manufactured products). The requirements of this section must be included with all subawards including all contracts and purchase orders for work or products under this award.

For purposes of this section: "Produced in the United States" means, for iron and steel products, that all manufacturing processes, from the initial melting stage through the application of coatings,

occurred in the United States. "Manufactured products" means items and construction materials composed in whole or in part of non-ferrous metals such as aluminum; plastics and polymer-based products such as polyvinyl chloride pipe; aggregates such as concrete; glass, including optical fiber; and lumber.

- i) Conflict of Interest (2 CFR 200.318 and 24 CFR 570.611). The general rule is that no persons who exercise or have exercised any functions or responsibilities with respect to activities assisted, or who are in a position to participate in a decision making process or gain inside information with regard to such activities, may obtain a financial interest or benefit from an assisted activity, or have a financial interest in any contract, subcontract, or agreement with respect to an assisted activity, or with respect to the proceeds of the assisted activity, either for themselves or those with whom they have business or immediate family ties, during their tenure or for one year thereafter.
- Rights to Inventions Made Under a Contract or Grant Agreement. If the Federal award meets the definition of "funding agreement" under 37 CFR § 401.2 (a) and the recipient or Subrecipient wishes to enter into a contract with a small business firm or nonprofit organization regarding the substitution of parties, assignment or performance of experimental, developmental, or research work under that "funding agreement," the recipient or Subrecipient must comply with the requirements of 37 CFR Part 401, "Rights to Inventions Made by Nonprofit Organizations and Small Business Firms Under Government Grants, Contracts and Cooperative Agreements," and any implementing regulations issued by the awarding agency.